



ANSC-C63[®] Interpretation Request Form

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This form shall be used for submission of Interpretation Requests related to ANSI-IEEE standards that are within the responsibility of ANSI-ASC-C63[®]. The eight parts of the form must be filled out completely, with the exception of the Subcommittee Response, to ensure expedient processing. This completed form is to be submitted to the [Secretary of ANSI-ASC-C63[®]](#) via e-mail.

Submission Date	Originator Name, Company
07/26/2021	David Waitt, 17025 Assessor

Standard	Clause/ Sub clause	Paragraph Figure/ Table	Type (General/ Technical/ Editorial)	Comment / Inquiry	Subcommittee Response <i>(to be filled in by Subcommittee Chair)</i>
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Standard	Clause/ Sub clause	Paragraph Figure/ Table	Type (General/ Technical/ Editorial)	Comment / Inquiry	Subcommittee Response <i>(to be filled in by Subcommittee Chair)</i>
ANSI C63.4 (2014)	8.3.2.2 Final radiated emission measurements (1 GHz to 40 GHz)	8.3.2.2 Final radiated emission measurements (1 GHz to 40 GHz)	Technical	<p>“8.3.2.2 Final radiated emission measurements (1 GHz to 40 GHz) For measurements above 1 GHz, use the cable, EUT arrangement, and mode of operation determined in the exploratory testing to produce the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response”</p> <p>My request for clarification is in regards to the clause above. Specifically, “Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance”</p> <p>After having determined the area of the EUT to be the source of the highest emissions, and the corresponding turntable position, does the above clause require the antenna to be re-positioned at the measurement distance (‘d’) from the highest emissions point of the EUT?</p> <div data-bbox="772 954 1213 1295" style="text-align: center;"> <p>The diagram consists of two side-by-side illustrations. The left illustration, titled 'Initial "scan"', shows a green 3D rectangular object representing the EUT inside a light blue square representing the EUT's area. A red circle is drawn around the EUT, representing the measurement area. Below the circle, a measurement antenna is shown with a double-headed arrow indicating a distance 'd' meters from the EUT. The right illustration, titled 'Final "scan" above 1 GHz', shows the same green EUT object now repositioned to a specific point on the perimeter of the red circle. A red dot marks this point, labeled 'Location of highest emission'. The measurement antenna is now positioned at a distance 'd' meters from this specific point, with a label 'Antenna re-positioned to Msmt distance "d" meters'.</p> </div>	<p>Within ANSI C63.4:2014 there is no clear methodology or specified requirements for determining what the “area of the EUT” means as the source of emissions. At a particular frequency of emission, the source may be from a single location, multiple locations, along a bundled cable or from the entire EUT. Therefore, it is not clear what the “area of the EUT” means, so it is difficult to specify “how to place the antenna at the measurement distance away from that area”. For these reasons it is also acceptable to treat the entire EUT setup as the source of emissions and to test with the antenna placed at the specified distance from the periphery of the EUT.</p> <p>During work on the next edition of ANSI C63.4, the committee will review this issue and may better define the arrangement of radiated emission measurements above 1 GHz.</p> <p>NOTE This response does not cover any interpretation of the diagrams provided as they are unclear.</p>